UNIT I:

**BLOOM’S LEVEL 2: UNDERSTAND**

1. DIFFRENTIATE BETWEEN MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS WITH A NEAT BLOCK DIAGRAM.

2. LIST AND EXPLAIN THE FOUR MAJOR DESIGN RULES OF RISC PHILOSOPHY.

3. DIFFERTIATE BETWEEN RISC AND CISC PROCESSORS.

4. LIST AND EXPLAIN IN DETAIL THE ARM DESIGN PHILOSOPHY.

5. JUSTIFY WHY ARM INSTRUCTION SET IS SUITABLE FOR EMBEDDED APPLICATIONS.

6. WITH A NEAT BLOCK DIAGRAM OF AN ARM-BASED EMBEDDED DEVICE, EXPLAIN THE FOLLOWING:

* ARM PROCESSOR
* CONTROLLERS
* PERIPHERALS
* BUS

7. WRITE A NOTE ON THE FOLLOWING:

* ARM BUS TECHNOLOGY
* AMBA BUS PROTOCOL
* MEMORY
* PERIPHERALS

8. WITH A NEAT BLOCK DIAGRAM EXPLAIN THE ARM CORE DATA FLOW MODEL.

9. LIST OUT THE VARIOUS REGISTERS OF ARM 7. COMMENT ON ITS WIDTH, AND SPECIAL PURPOSE OF REGISTERS R13, R14 AND R15.

10. DRAW THE NEAT BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CPSR AND COMMENT ON THE SIGNIFICANCE OF **N, Z, C AND V** FLAGS?

11. LIST THE VARIOUS MODES OF OPERATION OF ARM 7.

12. DEFINE PIPELINE. HOW MANY STAGES OF PPELINE IS AVAILABLE FOR ARM7. ILLUSTRATE THE PIPELINE OPERATION FOR THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS:

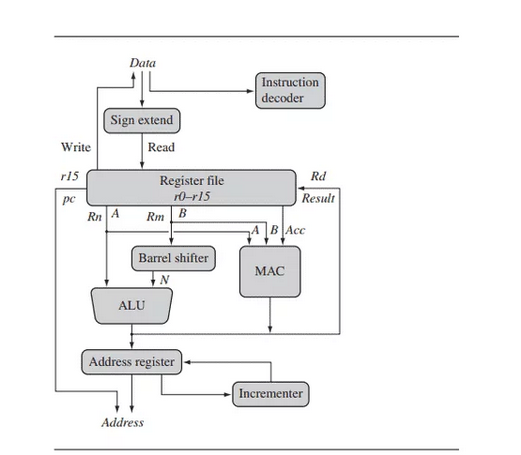
1. ADD R0,R1,R2
2. AND R3,R4,R5
3. SUB R6,R7,R8

**BLOOM’S LEVEL 3: APPLY**

1. WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE TRUE WITH RESPECT TO ARM 7 ARCHITECTURE.

1. EACH PROCESSOR MODE IS EITHER PREVILEGED OR NONPREVILEGED.
2. PREVILEGED MODE ALLOWS FULL READ WRITE ACCESS TO THE CPSR.
3. THE NEGATIVE FLAG ‘N’ IS SET WHEN BIT 31 OF THE RESULT IS BINARY 1.
4. THE ZERO FLAG ‘Z’ IS USED TO INDICATE EQUALITY.
5. THE CARRY FLAG ‘C’ IS SET WHEN THE RESULT CAUSES AN UNSIGNED CARRY.
6. THE OVERFLOW FLAG ‘V’ IS SET WHEN THE RESULT CAUSES SIGNED OVERFLOW.

**BLOOM’S LEVEL 4: ANALYZE: ANALYZE THE ARM CORE DATAFLOW MODEL SHOWN IN FIGURE BELOW AND IDENTIFY THE MASKED BLOCKS AND THEIR SIGNIFICANCE.**



UNIT 2:

**BLOOM’S LEVEL 2: UNDERSTAND**

1. LIST AND EXPLAIN THE VARIOUS DATA TRANSFER INSTRUCTIONS OF ARM7 WITH PROPER SYNTAX AND AN EXAMPLE.

2. WITH A NEAT BLOCK DIAGRAM EXPLAIN THE SIGNIFICANCE OF BARRE SHIFTER AND ALU.

3. LIST AND EXPLAIN THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS OF ARM7 WITH PROPER SYNTAX AND AN EXAMPLE FOR EACH.

1. SHIFT INSTRUCTIONS
2. ROTATE INSTRUCTIONS
3. ARITHMETIC INSTRUCTIONS
4. LOGICAL INSTRUCTIONS
5. COMPARISON INSTRUCTIONS
6. MULTIPLY INSTRUCTIONS

**BLOOM’S LEVEL 3: APPLY**

1. DEVELOP AN ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAM (ALP) TO PERFORM BLOCK DATA TRANSFER.

2. DEVELOP AN ALP TO GENERATE THE SERIES: 5, 10,15,20,25. HINT: USE MLA INSTRUCTION.

3. DEVELOP AN ALP TO COMPUTE THE FACTORIAL OF A GIVEN NUMBER AND STORE THE RESULT IN RAM LOCATION.

4. DEVELOP AN ALP FIND THE LARGEST NUMBER IN AN ARRAY AND STORE IT IN RAM LOCATION.

5. DEVELOP AN ALP TO ILLUSTRATE THE SIGNIFICANCE OF LOGICAL OPERATIONS.

6. DEVELOP AN ALP TO ILLUSTRATE THE WORKING OF SHIFT AND ROTATE INSTRUCTIONS.

**BLOOM’S LEVEL 4: ANALYZE:**

**1. ANALYZE THE GIVEN PIECE OF CODE AND ANSWER THE FOLLOWING:**

1. WHAT IS THE CONTENT OF R0,R1 AND R2.
2. COMMENT ON THE STATUS OF NZCV FLAGS AFTER EXECUTING THE LAST INSTRUCTION.

